

ATLANTA HAS RACE WAR

One Thousand Soldiers Patrolling the Streets of Georgia's Capital City—Mob Numbered Ten Thousand—No Martial Law Prevails, But is Threatened.

(Times-Union.)

Atlanta, Ga., September 23.—A race war of alarming proportions began here last night. Through the night it raged with varying vigor and when morning dawned today, it found the downtown streets in possession of eight companies of Fifth Georgia Infantry, with a battery of light artillery in reserve. Through the day little of importance has occurred. The police claimed, with aid of militia, to have the situation under control.

The condition came as a result of numerous and repeated assaults, or attempted assaults, upon white women by negroes. The list of an even dozen of such assaults, within the limits of Fulton county within the last nine weeks came yesterday when four attempts at assault were reported.

About ten o'clock a negro man shoved a white woman from the sidewalk on Whitehall street, in the center of town.

Almost simultaneously a negro woman made an insulting remark to a white man on an adjoining street, and he administered what he considered a due punishment. From this start, the excited crowd, which had become a mob, began its work of destruction. Five thousand men and boys thronged the downtown streets after negroes. News that a riot had started brought thousands more from their homes in the suburbs and residence districts, until fully ten thousand men thronged the downtown section.

A car half filled with negroes, approached from an outside run. The mob dashed for the car. Resistance was made by the negroes, who had not been apprised of the trouble. Three negroes lay dead on the floor of the car when it was permitted to move on, and two more were seriously beaten unconscious. When the crowd seemed to be getting beyond control Mayor Woodward mounted a car platform and urged the crowd to disperse, declaring that the assailant of the white woman would be adequately punished by due process of law. He made another appeal a few moments later but without result. Then he turned in a general fire alarm, calling the entire department to the scene. To Chief Joyner he then gave the laconic order: "Clear the streets."

The situation became so threatening at 1 o'clock that Governor Terrell was appealed to order out the state troops. Although no request had come from the sheriff, Governor Terrell gave the order mobilizing the eight local infantry companies at once. Previously a police riot call had been sounded summoning all police reserves to headquarters. With the decision to call out the troops, the big fire bell sounded once more, this time the call for every member of the militia to report forthwith at his armory. It was almost two o'clock this morning before the first squad appeared on the streets and at five o'clock six companies were under arms. The attack on negroes had the effect of clearing the streets of blacks. Street hacks were abandoned at curb stones; drivers on baggage wagons vanished and their places were taken by white men. Through the day hundreds of negroes have been fleeing the city by train and wagon, and on foot, they have hurried from the city fearing the possibility of trouble in the near future.

The lawless character of the mob was fully demonstrated during the latter part of the evening. When negroes had vanished from the streets the aimless mob from pure wantonness broke windows and damaged property. The crowd after pulling negro porters from the Pullmans of a Western & Atlantic railroad train standing ready to depart, proceeded to smash the windows of the day coaches, and mail and baggage cars. They then crossed to the Kimball house and continued the window-smashing

he shall not hesitate to put the militia in supreme command. Mayor Woodward says that the city police with the militia are amply able to handle the situation.

The entire city is being patrolled, both in the center and in the residence districts, where great anxiety has been experienced last night and today in anticipation of tonight's possibilities.

Mayor Woodward has issued a request that all citizens, white and black, remain off the streets tonight. All boys under twenty-one years of age have been ordered to keep off the streets.

A meeting of citizens, bankers, and business and professional men, representing the best elements of Atlanta's citizenship, was held to consider the present emergency. Governor Joseph M. Terrell, Mayor James G. Woodward, Col. Robert Lowry, Col. James English and others, to the number of three hundred, were present. Speeches were made and warmly applauded, in which the killing of half a score of innocent negroes and the wounding of a score or more of whites and blacks, was condemned as a reflection on the best spirit of the city, the state and the south.

Governor Terrell discussed the wisdom of necessity of proclaiming martial law and declared that he would act if the necessity shall be imminent. The hearty support of the best citizens was pledged to the city, county and state authorities to their respective efforts to control the present situation.

ORDER RESTORED IN ATLANTA.

Situation Well in Hand of the Law—Everything Moving Smoothly—Many Negroes Have Left the City—Saloons Still Closed.

(Atlanta Journal.)

After rioting followed by scenes of disorder, peace has been restored in Atlanta, and law and order on every side prevails. Indeed, so well in situation that many companies of militia were taken from the streets, though held in readiness for any emergency in their respective armories.

The saloons have been closed by order of the mayor, and, as a precautionary measure, the police have been ordered to clear the streets of all boys after eight o'clock and to arrest all idlers and loiterers who cannot give an account of themselves and their business.

Aside from the saloons, the other business houses of Atlanta are open and on every side there are evidences of commercial activity. The larger retail houses are receiving liberal patronage, as the day wore on many women, feeling secure were on the streets again.

Except for the negroes who left the city through fear, the blacks are calm and many of them were in the uptown districts Monday morning, attending to their duties as if nothing had happened. In the residence portion of the city, too, the negro servants are at work.

Decatur and Peters streets, however, are practically deserted, in as far as negroes are concerned. Heretofore these streets have furnished a stamping ground for the worthless negro population of Atlanta, and their absence was taken as a good indication by the authorities.

The low dives, where hundreds of negroes have been accustomed to congregate, are closed and it is the purpose of the authorities to keep them closed, if, under the law, such is possible—and it is believed it is possible.

Regular schedules on all of the trolley car lines have been resumed and neither passengers nor crews experienced any difficulties, and there is no reason to believe that either the whites or the blacks will renew the desultory firing at unprotected cars. The arrests in connection with the

which may be responsible for the murder of innocent men. I want to remark right here and now that I shall not temporize or condone these crimes for they are crimes of a most serious and reprehensible character. Any person guilty of inciting a riot and brought before me may expect to receive the limit of the law.

"Guilty negroes must be punished, but the innocent negroes must and will be protected. Lawless men will feel the heavy hand of the law and they might as well realize this to begin with. Now sir, I will give you no opportunity to pay a fine, but will give you thirty days in the workhouse and in addition bind you over to the higher courts under a \$1,000 bond."

This speech, with a few variations was delivered by the recorder to the several others who were charged with like offenses and in passing sentence carried out his announce d policy.

TROOPS STILL IN ATLANTA.

Officers Think Trouble is All Over—Conference of Leading White and Colored Citizens Held—The Brownville Raid Approved by All.

(Atlanta Journal.)

With one regiment of infantry one battery of artillery and one troop of cavalry, two hundred policemen and five hundred deputy sheriffs on duty in Atlanta, patrolling the streets of the center of the city and doing guard and sentinel duty in the outskirts, the riot situation at three o'clock was well in hand, and the authorities are confident that there will be no further outbreaks.

The prevalence and maintenance of good order, however, did not come until at least five negroes and one policeman had been killed. Policeman James Heard was shot from ambush at Brownville, a negro settlement near Clark University, and in the battle that followed two negroes are known to have been killed outright.

With the break of dawn a troop of cavalry and one company of infantry surrounded Brownville and captured over two hundred negroes all of whom were armed. Incidental with the Brownville raid by the militia at least two more negroes were killed, and two negroes were killed in a desperate battle with officers at the corner of MacGruder and Randolph streets.

Following the taking of Brownville the city was filled with rumors, and investigation showed them all to be false.

The authorities deemed it wise to recall the outtown military companies that were dismissed. They have returned to Atlanta, so that there is now on duty, eleven companies of infantry, one battery of artillery and one troop of cavalry.

At the instance of Johnson & Malone, negro lawyers, Chief of Police Jennings early Tuesday morning closed all negro barbershops and restaurants in the city and ordered patrolmen to allow no negroes to congregate anywhere in the city. The negro lawyers offered their co-operation help the authorities in raiding Brownville and jailing the negroes who were carrying firearms.

The crisis now rests with the negroes themselves. Those who give up their weapons and remain peaceful will not be molested. However, those who persist in making trouble for the citizens, police and militia will be promptly and rigidly dealt with by the officers of the law.

LOW ROUNDT TRIP EXCURSION RATES VIA ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

\$11.95 Atlanta, Ga. Tickets on sale October 9 and 10, final limit Oct. 20. Extension of limit to Oct. 30, may be obtained.

\$11.95 Atlanta, Ga. Tickets on sale Oct. 19, 20, 21 and 22, final limit Oct. 30. Extension of limit to Nov. 15 may be obtained.

\$15.10 Birmingham, Ala. Tickets on sale Oct. 14 and 15. Final limit Oct. 21. Extension to Nov. 21 may be obtained.

\$37.40 Dallas, Tex. Tickets on sale Oct. 6 and 7 with final limit 21 days from date of sale.

\$23.75 Richmond, Va. Tickets on sale September 29 and 30 with final limit Oct. 8.

\$34.45 Rock Island, Ill. Tickets on sale Oct. 6, 7 and 8, final limit to leave Rock Island Oct. 16.

Summer tourist rates to all sum-

WIRELESS EXPERTS MEET.

Conference of Wireless Experts to Be Held in Germany During October—Effort Will Be Made to Agree on Plans for Government Control of System.

Special to the Ocala Banner:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 24.—The wireless telegraph experts hope for beneficial results from the international wireless telegraphy conference which will be held in Berlin in October and to which nearly all civilized countries of the world, excepting France, will send delegates, the United States representatives, including Rear Admiral Manney, U. S. N., retired, formerly chief of the bureau of equipment, which has charge of naval wireless, and Brigadier General James Allen, chief signal officer of the United States army. The intention is to come to some agreement by which there may be government control of wireless. It is found that something must be done in that direction, at least to protect the interests of the government in time of war and also to protect commercial interests in time of peace. The United States commission to Berlin will take there a series of reports relating to the interference with wireless operations, mostly made by Rear Admiral Evans. There is no way of reaching those who interfere, and any request for relief is met with a profane reply. It is particularly exasperating to workers who have charge of experiments. In time of war this state of affairs would prove a serious menace.

PRESIDENT MAY BE LENIENT.

The Seven Midshipmen Found Guilty of Violating Rules at Annapolis May Escape Penalty—First Anti-Hazing Law.

Special to the Ocala Banner:

Washington, D. C., September 22.—The president will probably exercise his authority and spare four or five midshipmen now recommended for dismissal, as the result of their misconduct. There are seven cases in all before the naval academy, and are the first to be submitted under the so-called anti-hazing law, although none of them are in any way related to that particular offense. Indeed, the superintendent of the academy says there is no more hazing. The present culprits are those who have been guilty of various minor infractions of the rules of the institution. Each has had a chance to be heard in his own behalf and to offer whatever defense he may. Seven of the cases considered by the head of the academy are regarded as sufficiently serious to go to the secretary of the navy with a recommendation for dismissal, an action which must be taken to the president. The latter will undoubtedly exercise clemency in a number of the cases, turning the boys back one year to the next lower class. Two of the cases will undoubtedly be approved for dismissal.

RECALLS GREAT DISASTER.

Jacksonville's Carnival Celebrates City's Rise From the Ashes.

Six days and nights of rousing fun for Florida people at the Jacksonville carnival, November 5th to 10th, will mark another anniversary of the great fire of 1901, when \$20,000,000 worth of property was swept away and the business center of the city devastated.

The carnival is to show that Jacksonville has stood up out of the ashes a greater city than ever before, and to prove the truth of the old adage that "a wounded oyster mends its shell with pearl."

The people of Jacksonville do not believe in grieving over split milk. They have forgotten the fire and the woes it caused and are marching on with prosperity. The carnival is not to commemorate the fire, but to put it further from memory.

So the carnival people went to New York and imported the grandest fun. They have arranged for a hippodrome performance twice a day which will include star features. There will be a wonderway of amusements, a horse show, a baby show, a daylight pyrotechnic spectacle never before witnessed in Florida and three grand and costly spectacles of fireworks at night. There will be other attractions to make the carnival a little

A GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL.

Surgeon Rupert Blue of the Marine Hospital Service to Superintend Sanitary Work at the Jamestown Exposition.

Special to the Ocala Banner:

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 25.—Owing to the government's extensive participation in the Jamestown Exposition, to be held on the shores of Hampton Roads, Va., in 1907, officials at Washington have determined to put the supervision of the sanitary departments under government control.

Following up this decision Surgeon General Wymann, of the United States Marine Hospital Corps Service, has appointed Surgeon Rupert Blue, of that service, as sanitary officer of the Jamestown Exposition. Dr. Blue's detail on this work was to take effect some time ago, but on account of his position on a medical board that was in session at Washington, he has been unable to report for duty at the exposition until recently.

In connection with his work Surgeon Blue said: "It is as necessary for me to be present, while the buildings are being constructed as afterwards, as the installation of proper sewerage arrangements and ventilating apparatus is of great importance." An elaborate drainage system has been established, and it is promised when the exposition opens, that the grounds will be absolutely free from mosquitos and other pests that might arise from the lack of proper sanitary conditions.

At the time of the San Francisco disaster, when that city was in a state of general demoralization and when it seemed that contagion would break out there, and perhaps add other terrors to what the fire and earthquake had already caused, Surgeon Blue was dispatched post-haste to the scene of trouble and immediately took charge of the situation. The entire work was under his charge and by heroic measures a serious outbreak of fever was prevented.

The exposition is being built very much like a small city or town and it is the intention of the Marine hospital service to equip each building with all the devices known to modern sanitation, and Surgeon Blue is especially commissioned to advise the architects and builders in this particular.

Dr. Blue is one of the most noted Surgeons in the hospital service. He is a native of South Carolina and a brother of Victor Blue, who became famous in the Cuban campaigns during the Spanish war.

To Entertain American Sailors.

Special to the Ocala Banner:

Gibraltar, Sept. 21.—The American cruiser squadron commanded by Rear Admiral W. H. Bronson consisting of the armored cruisers West Virginia, Colorado, Pennsylvania and Maryland, is expected here today. It is bound for the far east, to relieve some of the ships in Asiatic waters. Prince Louis having a lively recollection of the lavish hospitality shown to the officers and men of his squadron while on their visit to the United States is anxious to reciprocate the courtesy and has made extensive preparations for the reception and entertainment of the American squadron. A brilliant reception on board his flag ship, the armored cruiser, Drake, is planned in honor of the officers of the American squadron.

A big reunion of the veterans of the Spanish-American war will be held in Washington October 8. The program includes a reception by President Roosevelt and a trip to historic Mt. Vernon and other interesting places around the capital.

MANY ATTRACTIVE TRIPS AT EXTREMELY LOW RATES VIA

Southern Railway

... FROM JACKSONVILLE...

\$10.35 Atlanta, Ga., and return. Ticket on sale September 29 and 30; limit Oct. 7; extension to October 22.

\$20.70 Richmond, Va., and return. Tickets on sale October 1; limit October 8.

\$44.70 San Francisco and Los Angeles, one way (second class)—Tickets on sale daily, September 15 to October 31.

\$37.00 Washington, D. C., and return.

UNCLE SAM TO ACT IN CUBA.

All Efforts to Bring About a Peaceful Settlement of Affairs of No Avail—President Palma's Entire Cabinet Resigns—Troops Ordered to Cuba.

Special to the Ocala Banner:

Havana, Sept. 26.—Conditions here have reached a crisis. All the members of President Palma's cabinet have presented their resignations, and the president has signified his readiness to accept them, but asks that they serve until he can call an extra session of congress that he may also present his own resignation to that body.

President Palma has called an extra session of congress for Friday, and he will then ask to have his resignation accepted at once.

Advices from Washington state that 1,500 marines have been ordered to Havana. This number with the forces already there will make seven thousand American bluejackets on the island.

Plans for the transfer of troops from the United States to Cuba, in the event of the failure of Secretary Taft's mission to bring about a peaceful solution of the trouble in the republic, have been completed.

The first step was taken today, when the transport Sumner, now lying at New York navy yard, was put in commission. The Sumner is in readiness for the immediate embarkation of troops. Negotiations are already under way for the acquisition of merchant steamers to be used as transports.

Additional war ships will reach Cuba within a few days and will be ready to land marines if necessary, long before the regular troops now awaiting orders can be moved. Should army intervention come the forces will undoubtedly form the vanguard of the invading army.

Investigating Pennsylvania Railroad. Special to the Ocala Banner:

New York Sept. 26.—The investigating committee appointed by the board of directors of the Pennsylvania railroad of which C. Stewart Patterson is chairman, has nearly completed its report which will be submitted to President Cassatt in a few days. The books and records of the company have been under examination by 100 experts of the New York Audit company for the purpose of compiling data wanted by the committee. The information wanted was readily available, clerical forces of the company were detailed to get it. It is stated that particular attention has been given to car distribution, purchase of supplies, and contract work. It is not expected that a final report will be submitted by the committee until the November meeting of the board of directors. This is desired in advance of the convening of congress, in the hope that any further unfavorable legislation may be forestalled.

Opponents of Church Union. Special to the Ocala Banner:

Dallas, Tex., Sept. 21.—A meeting of the Cumberland Presbyterian Synod of Texas opened here today with a large attendance of opponents to the union with the Presbyterian church of the United States of America. The convention was called for the purpose of effecting a permanent organization of the opponents to the union. A considerable part of the Cumberland Presbyterians of the state has accepted the union and will not make common cause with dissenters.

The democrats had a big time when William Jennings Bryan "came marching home," but he wasn't met way down the bay by the yacht Sylph at the governments expense. Nick Longworth had a big advantage over Bryan as a traveler after all.

The president has abrogated the Chinese exclusion act, the alien contract labor law, and the eight hour law, so far as the canal zone is concerned. He does things. He is no anarchist. He is just a law-killer.

Olin Pnar, ex-cashier of the bank of McRae, at McRae, Ga., was arrested at Eastman several days ago on several charges of forgery. He waived preliminary hearing and was placed under bonds of \$25,000 in each case.

The navy department has been besieged by an inventor who wants to make use of super-heated air in a marine engine. We have always hoped